

# Real estate fractional investment vs. traditional real estate investing

Blog

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Real estate has long been a cornerstone of investment, offering a blend of stability and potential growth. However, the landscape is changing, and investors today have more options than ever before. Traditional real estate investing, where you purchase an entire property, remains a popular choice, but fractional real estate investment is rapidly gaining traction. This emerging model allows investors to own a fraction of a property, providing a new way to access the market. In this blog, we'll explore both approaches by examining their key differences in terms of ownership, risk, and accessibility.

**What is fractional real estate investment and how does it work?**

Fractional real estate investment allows multiple investors to own a portion of a property, rather than purchasing the whole thing outright. It works by dividing both the ownership and the financial responsibilities across a group of investors. This makes it easier to get involved without needing large sums of capital. In this model, investors often receive returns based on the property's rental income or capital appreciation, depending on how the investment is set up. The ownership structure also means the day-to-day management of the property is typically handled by a third-party company, which can take the burden off individual investors.

### **How does traditional real estate investing compare to fractional real estate investment?**

Traditional real estate investing involves purchasing an entire property, providing you with complete control over your investment. Whilst this established approach often yields strong returns, it requires substantial capital upfront and hands-on management of everything from maintenance to tenant relations. Through platforms like [TAB Property](#), fractional investment offers a modern alternative. Starting from £1,000, you can build a diversified property portfolio across the UK without the complexities of property management. TAB handles all aspects, from tenant management to rent collection, whilst you receive monthly rental income, with no hidden charges. Both investment approaches offer distinct advantages. Traditional property investing gives you complete control over your assets but requires significant time commitment and capital. Meanwhile, fractional investment through TAB provides an easier way to enter the property market and build a diverse portfolio, without the typical responsibilities of being a landlord.

### **What are the risks associated with fractional and traditional real estate investments?**

Both fractional and traditional real estate investments come with risks, but how those risks are shared or handled can vary. In fractional investing, the risk is spread across all the investors. For example, if the property's value drops, that loss is shared. However, you may have less control over key decisions, as they are typically made by the group or the management company. On the other hand, traditional real estate investing puts the full risk on the individual owner. If property values decline, the entire financial loss falls on you. Both types of investment can be affected by market conditions, tenant issues, and maintenance costs, but the way those risks are managed differs between the two.

### **How accessible is fractional real estate investment compared to traditional methods?**

When it comes to accessibility, fractional real estate investment tends to offer a lower barrier to entry. With fractional ownership, you don't need the large sums of capital typically required to buy a whole property, making it more accessible to a wider range of investors. Additionally, as the management of the property is usually taken care of, investors don't need to be hands-on. Traditional real estate, by comparison, requires significant upfront costs, such as deposits and mortgage payments, and you either manage the property yourself or pay for a property manager, which adds to the overall costs and responsibilities.

### **How do ownership structures and responsibilities differ between these two models?**

The main difference in ownership structures comes down to control and responsibility. In traditional real estate, the owner has full control over the property, from decision-making to management. While this offers flexibility, it also means taking on all the responsibilities, such as dealing with tenants, maintenance, and legal obligations. In fractional ownership, these responsibilities are shared among the investors, and decisions are often handled by a management company. This means you're less involved in the daily running of the property, but you also have less direct control.

Whether you're drawn to the full control of traditional real estate investing or the shared responsibilities and lower barriers of fractional investment, both models offer unique advantages. Fractional investment opens doors to investors with smaller capital and a desire for a more hands-off approach, while traditional investing offers total ownership but requires greater commitment. Ultimately, understanding the differences between these methods can help you make more informed decisions, aligning your investment strategy with your personal goals. Each path has its merits, and the right choice depends on what you're looking to achieve in the real estate market.

If you're looking to grow your property portfolio without the hassle, TAB Property offers a flexible solution. With fractional ownership, you can invest from just £1,000 and diversify across a range of properties nationwide. TAB takes care of everything, from managing tenants to handling mortgage payments and rent collection, so you can enjoy passive monthly rental income. Like the sound of that? Give our investor relations team a call today: 0208 057 9070 or contact us [here](#).

This information does not constitute advice or a personal recommendation. As with any investment your capital is at risk and you should seek advice concerning suitability from an investment adviser.

**Capital is at risk.** Property values can go down as well as up. Borrowers may default and investments may not perform as expected. Interest and income are not guaranteed. Returns may vary. You should not invest more than you can afford to lose. TAB is not authorised by the Financial Conduct Authority. Investments are not regulated and you will have no access to the Financial Services Compensation Scheme (FSCS) or the Financial Ombudsman Service (FOS). Past performance and forecasts are not reliable indicators of future results and should not be relied on. Forecasts are based on TAB's own internal calculations and opinions and may change. Investments are illiquid. Once invested, you are committed for the full term. Tax treatment depends on individual circumstances and may change.

You are advised to obtain appropriate tax or investment advice where necessary. Understand more about the key risks [here](#).

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